

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

MEMORANDUM:

From: Kevin Sweeney, Senior Entomologist

Date: January 18, 2013

Subject: PRODUCT PERFORMANCE DATA EVALUATION RECORD

DP barcode: 406583, 406584, 406585, 406587, 406589, 406590, 406591, 406592 Decision no.: 469572, 469580, 469576, 469581,469582, 469577, 469579, 469578 Submission no: 923486, 923494, 923496, 923498, 923500, 923492, 923489, 923491

Action code: R340

Product Name: DS-205, D200, DS 210, HPC 2, HPC3, DP 205, DP 210, and VERA 3

EPA Reg. No or File Symbol: 73049-177, 182, 183, 185, 187, 366, 368, and 431

Formulation Type: RTU products – pump spray and aerosol

Ingredients statement from the label with PC codes included: 0.05% s-bioallethrin (PC code: 004004), 0.02% and 0.03%, deltamethrin (PC code: 097805), and 0.05% pyrethrins (PC code: 069001). No synergist is in any of these formulations.

Use pattern: residential and commercial crack and crevice, spot, and general surface treatments with indoor and outdoor uses.

Application rates of product/active ingredient: Once a week, 1 oz per 10 square feet.

OCSPP Guideline: 810.3500

I. Action Requested: Review selectively cited data and labels. The cited data were submitted to support the same contact spray use directions and pests for the all eight products.

II. Background: The registrant submitted four studies to support the addition of kill and/or residual claims for carpenter ants, Argentine ant, fire ants, harvester ants, Pharaoh's ant, American cockroach, German cockroach, and Asian Ladybird beetle.

III. Study Reviews:

Primary reviews of each MRID are attached.

MRID48935601. Zhai, J. 2011. Laboratory GLP Evaluation of Knockdown and Kill Efficacy of UltraTec D200 Insecticide as a Direct Spray Against Pharaoh Ants (Monomorium pharaonis) and Harvester Ants (Pogonomyrmex sp.).

This study evaluated the knockdown and kill efficacy of the product (EPA Reg. No. 73049-182), which contains 0.02% deltamethrin, as a direct spray against harvester and Pharaoh ants. The exposure time was 5 minutes before transfer to clean containers.

Conclusions: The study is acceptable. The test material provided fast knockdown and effective killing of both ant species.

MRID48935602. Donahue, W. A. 2011. Evaluation of the Insecticidal Activity (Efficacy) of UltraTec 5 SC MUP (Deltamethrin 4.75%) applied as a Direct Application against Chiggers, Harvester Ants, Horse Flies, Deer Flies and Biting Gnats/Midges under Laboratory Conditions.

This study evaluated the kill efficacy of the test material. The test material was a 4.75% deltamethrin diluted to 0.01%, which is half or one-third the deltamethrin concentration found in the amended products. The 0.01% deltamethrin solution was applied as follows: 1 g for chiggers and midges, 2 g for ants, 2.5 g for flies. The test species were:

Harvester ant (Pogonomyrmex californicus)
Biting midge (Culicoides sonorensis, adult females)
Chigger (Genus Trombicula)
Horse fly (Genus Tabanus, adult)
Deer fly (Genus Chrysops, adult)

Conclusion: The study is acceptable. The data support "Kills" claims against the harvester ant, biting flies, biting midges and the chigger.

MRID48935603. Zhai, J. 2012. Residual Efficacy of UltraTec D200 Crawling Insect Killer on Non-Porous (Ceramic tile) and Porous (Unpainted Wood) Surfaces against German Cockroaches, *Blattella germanica*, and American cockroaches, *Periplaneta Americana*.

This study evaluated the residual efficacy of the test material on porous and non-porous surfaces against both German and American cockroaches. The test material, EPA Reg. No. 73049-182, contained 0.02% deltamethrin. Three amendments and seven protocol deviations were noted; these did not affect interpretation of study results.

Conclusion: The study is partially acceptable. When applied according to the label rate, the product provided excellent knockdown and killing of both cockroach species on non-porous ceramic tiles. Unacceptable results were seen on unpainted wood (porous surface) sections. Therefore, the study supports 18 month control of both cockroach species on non-porous surfaces only.

MRID48935604. Zhai, J. 2012. Residual Efficacy of UltraTec D200 Insecticide on Non-Porous (Ceramic tile) and Porous (Unpainted Wood) Surfaces against Argentine Ants, Linepithema humile.

This study evaluated the residual efficacy of the test material on porous and non-porous surfaces against the Argentine ant. The test material, EPA Reg. No. 73049-182, contained 0.02% deltamethrin. Argentine ants were exposed to treated wood and ceramic tiles at regular intervals through 18 months post-treatment. One amendment and 6 protocol deviations were noted; these did not affect interpretation of study results.

Conclusion: The study is partially acceptable. When applied according to the label rate, the product provided excellent knockdown and killing of Argentine ant on non-porous ceramic tiles. Unacceptable results were obtained on unpainted wood (porous surface) sections. Therefore, the study supports 18 month control of Argentine ant on non-porous surfaces only.

IV. Entomologist's Recommendations:

- 1. The registrant made note of residual activity on non-porous surfaces only. The remaining labeling is acceptable except as follows:
- a. Remove fire ants as no data were submitted to support the addition of these pests to the label.
- b. Remove the black widow spiders, hobo spider and brown recluse spider unless the registrant previously submitted data for these pests. They were not listed in the citations included for review.